Violence Prevention Fund Presentation to the Finance, Governance, and Public Safety Committee

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Four Prototypes of Community Justice Programs

- Involvement Model
- Partnership Model
- Mobilization Model
- Intermediary Model the one that will be discussed today

A Conceptual Model of Community Justice Strategies

Collaborative

Means Continuum

Solo

Partnership Model	Intermediary Model
Involvement Model	Mobilization Model

Crime Prevention

Community Capacity

Goals Continuum

Formal vs. Informal Social Control

- Formal control law enforcement, courts, corrections
- Informal social control family, friends, schools, churches, neighborhood residents, nonprofit organizations
- Informal social control is more effective in prevention that formal social control
- Increasing community capacity also helps increase informal social control

Collective Leadership

- The process being created calls for collection of data on a regular basis
- That data can be examined by subject matter experts who can provide analysis and recommendations for appropriate courses of action
- Provides a higher likelihood for success achieving established goals
- Meshes well with Intermediary Model

Blueprint Plan-Collective Leadership

Evidence-based model plan that outlines the collective leadership impact model

Local Government

Faith

Business

Health and Social Services

Nonprofit Organizations

Education

Law Enforcement

Resident Organizations

Media

Funders/Philanthropic

Multi-sector/ collaboratives

Economic Impacts

- Less serious crime very often escalate into serious or fatal crimes
- Outside of the financial impacts, we reduce the number of people victimized and build community capacity that strengthens informal social controls
- Prevention is expensive, but so is crime

Economic Impacts

- Homicide: \$8.6M (RAND)
 - Tangible: Criminal Justice, victim costs, crime career \$1.2M
 - Intangible: Pain & suffering: \$7.5M
- Gun homicides:
 - Localized business decline
 - Target hardening
 - Localized jobs
 - Property values

Economic Impacts

- •Here is a very simple calculation based on a very conservative success rate (5%) and only counting homicides, not other societal costs:
- If we save 39 lives (homicides to 129) the value is \$312M
- If we drop homicides in 1/2 (86) value is \$640M
- If we can find out the assumptions used to show the city running out of reserves by 2027, we can come back with more specific calculations.

	Number of Homicides	Lives saved/year	Societal costs/life saved (M)	Plan Cost (M)
		5%	\$8	\$6
2022	161	9	\$72	\$6
2023	152	8	\$64	\$6
2024	144	8	\$64	\$6
2025	136	7	\$56	\$6
2026	129	7	\$56	\$6
Total Lives Saved	39			
Societal Costs Saved	\$312,000,000			
Plan Costs	\$30,000,000			
Net Benefits	\$282,000,000			
ROI (per dollar spent)	\$940			

Adapted from: Abt. T. (2019). Bleeding out. NY: Basic Books

References

Abt. T. (2019). Bleeding out. NY: Basic Books

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What is Collective Leadership? (n.d.). *Program on Negotiation at Harvard Law School.* Retrieved from https://www.pon.harvard.edu/daily/leadership-skills-daily/what-is-collective-leadership/